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## Irrationality of Lambert series associated with periodic sequence

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This talk is based on a joint work with Florian Luca.

Let  $q$  be an integer with  $|q| > 1$  and  $\{a_n\}_{n \geq 1}$  be an eventually periodic sequence of rational numbers, not identically zero from some point on. Then the number  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n / (q^n - 1)$  is irrational. In particular, if the periodic sequences  $\{a_n^{(i)}\}_{n \geq 1}$  ( $i = 1, \dots, m$ ) of rational numbers are linearly independent over  $\mathbb{Q}$ , then so are the following  $m + 1$  numbers:

$$1, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n^{(i)}}{q^n - 1}, \quad i = 1, \dots, m.$$

This generalizes a result of Erdős who treated the case  $m = 1$  and  $a_n^{(1)} = 1$  ( $n \geq 1$ ).